AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended.

Local Government Type City Township Village	e 🛛 Other	Local Governme Saginaw-Midlan		County Saginaw
Audit Date	Opinion Date		Date Accountant Report Submitted to Sate:	
June 30, 2006	July 1	4, 2006	August 21 [,] 2006	

We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the <i>Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> by the Michigan Department of Treasury.							
We affirm that:							
1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government	vern mei	nt in Michiga	an as revised.				
2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.							
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in in the report of comments and recommendations	the fina	ancial staten	nents, includino	g the notes, or			
You must check the applicable boxes for each item below.							
$\hfill \square$ yes $\hfill \boxtimes$ no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local unit	are exc	luded from	the financial st	atements.			
☐ yes ☒ no 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this carnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).	unit's ui	nreserved f	und balances/r	etained			
$\hfill \square$ yes $\hfill \boxtimes$ no 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform 1968, as amended).	Accoun	iting and Bu	dgeting Act (P.	A. 2 of			
☐ yes ☒ no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an ord or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emerg				ance Act			
yes \boxtimes no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not confidence of 1943, as amended [MCL: 129/91], or P.A. 55 of 1982,				(P.A. 20			
yes \boxtimes no 6. The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax reverunit.	enues th	nat were col	lected for anoth	her taxing			
yes on 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current ye the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost reduring the year).	ar. If th	ne plan is m	ore than 100%	funded and			
$\hfill \square$ yes $\hfill \boxtimes$ no 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an 1995 (MCL 129.241).	applicat	ole policy as	required by P.	.A. 266 of			
\square yes \boxtimes no 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as re	quired !	by P.A. 196	of 1997 (MCL	129.95).			
We have enclosed the following:		Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required			
The letter of comments and recommendations.							
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audit	ts).		\perp				
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).	Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).						
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) Yeo & Yeo, P.C. CPAs							
Street Address City			State MI	ZIP 48605			
Accountant Signature Anomas E. Hollwar		aginaw		1 40000			

SAGINAW-MIDLAND MUNICIPAL WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION Bay City, Michigan Annual Financial Statements and Auditors' Report June 30, 2006

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees of Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation Bay City, Michigan

We have audited the statement of net assets of Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the June 30, 2006 and 2005, financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The supplementary financial data identified in the table of contents, although not considered necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operation and cash flows are presented primarily for supplemental analysis purposes.

Saginaw, Michigan

Yeo & Yeo, P.C.

July 13, 2006



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation is presenting the following management discussion and analysis in order to provide an overall review of the Corporation's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Corporation's financial statements and notes included with same to enhance their understanding of the Corporation's financial performance.

BACKGROUND

The Saginaw - Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation (Corporation) for more than 58 years has been reliably providing a high-quality source of Lake Huron drinking water to its owners and customers. The Corporation's annual production is nearing 20 billion gallons with peak days climbing near 100 million gallons. The Corporation operates with three plants and is a bulk supplier of high quality raw water to its owners and customers eventually resulting in service to over 260,000 residents in 30 cities or communities in six (6) Michigan counties. The Corporation's water supply efforts are often referred to as a model illustration of cooperation between two communities for the common good.

The Corporation is the primary government reporting entity even though it is jointly owned by two (2) municipalities, the City of Saginaw and the City of Midland. The ownership ratio of Saginaw and Midland is as follows:

City of Saginaw 53.48837 percent City of Midland 46.51163 percent

The Corporation is a non-profit municipal corporation operating under Act 233, Michigan Public Acts of 1955.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Corporation's total assets decreased \$678,295 while total liabilities decreased \$1,290,584 resulting in total net assets increasing \$612,289 or 4.04% over the course of the year's operations.
- The Corporation's operating expenses in 2004-2005 were \$86,912 higher than 2003-2004 expenses. Most of the increase was due to increased labor related expenses as well as increased electrical and natural gas costs.
- The Corporation's revenue from water sales to its commercial wholesale raw water customers remains relatively constant. The total volume of water sales to these

customers aggregated over 229 million gallons, or less than two (2) percent of the total water pumped.

- Investment income increased in 2004-2005, reflective of rising interest rates.
- The Corporation is in the third year of an economically sound three (3) year labor contract with the Corporation's hourly unionized employees. The agreement with the Saginaw-Midland Water Supply System Employee's Union covers the period 2003 through 2005.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual audit report includes this management's discussion and analysis report, the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements of the Corporation. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Corporation's financial statements report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short - and long-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the Corporation's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Corporation's creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the Corporation and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Corporation.

All of the current years' revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. This statement measures the success of the Corporation's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Corporation has successfully recovered all its costs. The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities and provides answers to the origins of income, its uses and changes in the cash balance during the reporting period.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CORPORATION

A summary of the Corporation's Statement of Net Assets is presented in Table A-1.

Table A-1
Statement of Net Assets - Summary

			Dollar	Percent
	2004-2005	2003-2004	<u>Change</u>	<u>Change</u>
Total Current Assets	\$316,272	\$291,798	\$24,474	8.39%
Total Restricted Assets	\$1,319,947	\$1,258,546	\$61,401	4.88%
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	\$36,077,486	\$36,817,763	(\$740,277)	-2.01%
Deferred Bond Issue Costs	\$286,710	\$310,603	(\$23,893)	-7.69%
Total Assets	\$38,000,415	\$38,678,710	(\$678,295)	-1.75%
Total Current Liabilities	\$1,674,804	\$1,577,130	\$97,674	6.19%
Total Long Term Debt	\$20,424,906	\$21,831,982	(\$1,407,076)	-6.45%
Post Retiree Health Cost - Funded	\$131,783	\$112,965	\$18,818	16.66%
Total Liabilities	\$22,231,493	\$23,522,077	(\$1,290,584)	-5.49%
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$14,232,580	\$13,620,781	\$611,799	4.49%
Restricted for Improvement & Emergency Repair	\$1,188,164	\$1,145,581	\$42,583	3.72%
Unrestricted Assets	\$348,178	\$390,271	(\$42,093)	-10.79%
Total Net Assets	\$15,768,922	\$15,156,633	\$612,289	4.04%

As can be seen from Table A-1, net assets increased \$612,289 to \$15,768,922 in 2004-2005 from \$15,156,633 in 2003-2004. There were no expenditures from the Improvement & Emergency Repair (I&ER) Fund during 2004-2005 for emergency repairs. The I&ER Fund increased as the owner cities continue to contribute funds at a level of \$.01 per 1000 gallons delivered. The Post Retiree Health Cost Fund continues to be funded by the owner cities at a level of \$.001 per 1000 gallons delivered.

Table A-2
<u>Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets - Summary</u>

Operating Revenues - Water Sales	2004-2005 \$4,564,430	2003-2004 \$4,522,381	Dollar <u>Change</u> \$42,049	Percent Change 0.93%
Operating Expenses Operating Income	\$2,954,950 \$1,609,480	\$2,868,038 \$1,654,343	\$86,912 (\$44,863)	3.03%
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(\$997,191)	(\$1,392,108)	\$394,917	-28.37%
Changes in Net Assets	\$612,289	\$262,235	\$350,054	
Beginning Net Assets	\$15,156,633	\$14,894,398	\$262,235	
Ending Net Assets	\$15,768,922	\$15,156,633	\$612,289	

While the Statement of Net Assets (Table A-1) shows the change in financial position of net assets, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets (Table A-2) provides answers as to the nature and source of these changes. The Corporation operates with one fund, an enterprise fund on a full accrual basis of accounting similar to private sector companies. The income is recognized when earned and the expense

is recognized when incurred. Operating revenues are directly related to operating expenses. The Corporation closes its books at the end of each month and prepares financial reports and billings to its owners and customers such that all costs are covered. As can be seen in Table A-2 above, operating expenses increased in 2004-2005 by \$86,912, most of which was due to increased labor related expenses as well as increased electrical and natural gas costs.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Corporation adopts an annual Operating Budget following review by the Board of Trustees. The Operating Budget includes proposed expenses and anticipated water sales. Each quarter, the Manager provides a Budget Position Statement for the Board's review where actual expenditures are compared to budgeted funds for each account. The Corporation 's operating budget remains in effect the entire year. The Corporation has never operated over its approved budget and maintains a philosophy of only spending funds that are regarded as necessary. A budget comparison and analysis is presented in Table A-3.

Table A-3 **Budget Comparison and Analysis**

	Budgeted	Actual	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Expense	<u>Expense</u>	<u>Under</u>
2005-2006	\$4,972,230	NA	
2004-2005	\$4,882,835	\$4,576,044	6.28%
2003-2004	\$4,870,883	\$4,527,326	7.05%
2002-2003	\$4,541,307	\$4,186,334	7.82%
2001-2002	\$4,655,605	\$4,431,505	4.81%

The Board of Trustees and management of the Corporation consider many factors when setting the fiscal year budget. In 2004-2005 the non-operating revenue variance is actual investment income over budget. The water sold was under budget by 4.78 percent, while expenses were also held at 6.28 percent under budget. Most of the expense savings were accrued in purchased electrical energy.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of 2005, the Corporation had \$36,077,486 invested in capital assets including the Water System (Whitestone Pumping Station, Pinconning Booster Station, Junction Booster Station, and complete underground distribution system) as well as other assets as shown in Table A-4. There were no additions or deletions to the Water System or Furniture and fixtures during 2004-2005. The increase in machinery & equipment and vehicles is reflective of recognizing asset upgrades.

Table A-4
Capital Assets

	2004-2005	2003-2004	Dollar <u>Change</u>	Percent <u>Change</u>
Capital Assets			_	_
Water System	\$58,393,126	\$58,393,126	\$0	0.00%
Furniture and Fixtures	\$14,925	\$14,925	\$0	0.00%
Vehicles	\$84,927	\$82,525	\$2,402	2.91%
Machinery and Equipment	\$467,070	\$465,664	\$1,406	0.30%
Total Capital Assets	\$58,960,048	\$58,956,240	\$3,808	0.01%
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$22,882,562	\$22,138,477	\$744,085	3.36%
Net Capital Assets	\$36,077,486	\$36,817,763	(\$740,277)	-2.01%

The Corporation's five-year Capital Plan includes improvements to the Junction Station yard piping and electrical system reliability at the Whitestone Pumping Station. Also included in the Capital Plan is the updating of the disinfection systems, replacement of the roof at the Whitestone Plant, improvements to the chlorine storage facilities, and the implementation of GPS pipeline location methodologies.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

General obligation indebtedness outstanding at June 30, 2005 amounted to \$21,844,906. Interest on these bonds is payable semi-annually. More detailed information about the Corporation's long-term liabilities is presented in note 5 of the financial statements.

WATER RATES

Wholesale Water

The Corporation evaluates water rates charged to its five (5) municipal customers every 3 years. The most recent rate study was undertaken in 2003 and the results confirmed that the current rates are fair and equitable to both parties. The water rate design was developed on the "utility basis" of rate making as recommended in the American Water Works Association's Manual of Water Supply Practices M-1, entitled "Principles of Water Rates, Fees, and Charges," Fifth Edition, 2000. Details of the water rate design are based on the Modified Base-Extra Capacity Method, which most appropriately assigns equitable charges to recover the full cost of water service to the Corporation.

Owner City Costs

The owners of the Corporation purchase their water each month on a cost basis. The real test of the effectiveness of management and the efficiency of the operation is a review of the cost per 1000 gallons of water delivered to the owner cities. The cost of water includes operating expense, improvement and emergency repair expense, bond interest, loss on early retirement of debt, and depreciation less other income. The net expense for raw water delivered has been computed as shown Table A-5.

		Table A-5			
	<u>Million</u>	s of Gallons	<u>Pumped</u>		
Year ended June 30,	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
City of Saginaw	8,709.50	8,840.66	9,459.38	9,495.97	9,198.32
City of Midland	<u>8,168.69</u>	<u>8,186.54</u>	8,604.80	<u>8,659.17</u>	8,074.20
	16,878.19	17,027.20	18,064.18	18,155.14	17,272.52
Expense Per 1000 Gallons Pumped					
Year ended June 30,	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2001</u>
Net Expenses	\$0.2242	\$0.2406	\$0.2050	\$0.2224	\$0.2340

CORPORATION CONTACT INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the Corporation's finances and to demonstrate the Corporation's accountability for the funds it receives. Anyone having questions regarding this report or desiring additional information may contact: Michael Quinnell, Manager/Secretary - Treasurer, Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation, 4678 S. Three Mile Road, Bay City, MI 48706 or by phone at 989-684-2220 or by email at office@sagmid.com.

Water Supply Fund Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006 and 2005

·	June 30,			
	2006	Jur	ie 30,	2005
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	100	\$	100
Due from other governmental units				
City of Saginaw	112,	788		98,210
City of Midland	91,	909		88,536
Others	17,	771		16,084
Inventories	74,	727		74,727
Prepaid expenses	37,	<u>577 </u>		38,615
Total current assets	334,	872		316,272
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted assets				
Bond - 2006 Project				
Cash	818,			-
Cash equivalents	1,600,	000		-
Retiree health benefits				
Cash	167,			130,222
Due from other governmental units	3,	200		1,561
Improvement and emergency repair				40= 000
Cash	188,			405,099
Cash equivalents	1,273,			767,451
Due from other governmental units	15,	998_		15,614
Total restricted assets	4,066,	737		1,319,947
Property, plant and equipment				
Water system	58,393,	126		58,393,126
Furniture and fixtures	•	925		14,925
Vehicles	•	706		84,927
Machinery and equipment	471,			467,070
	58,963,			58,960,048
Less: accumulated depreciation	(23,635,	•	((22,882,562)
Construction in progress	198,	832		
Net property, plant and equipment	35,527,	<u>061</u>		36,077,486
Other assets				
Deferred bond issue costs	309,	<u>490 </u>		286,710
Total noncurrent assets	39,903,	288_		37,684,143
Total assets	40,238,	160		38,000,415

Water Supply Fund Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006 and 2005

	June 30,		
	2006	2005	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Current portion of bonds payable	\$ 1,575,000	\$ 1,420,000	
Checks written against future deposits	34,517	30,968	
Accounts payable	2,451	4,782	
Accrued power	68,159	54,864	
Accrued vacation and sick pay	171,792	164,000	
Accrued payroll	230	190	
Total current liabilities	1,852,149	1,674,804	
Noncurrent liabilities			
Long term debt			
Bonds payable, net of current portion	21,670,000	20,580,000	
Less unamortized discount on 1998 bond issue	(40,700)	(44,400)	
Less deferred amount on refunding 2002 bond issue	(101,469)	(110,694)	
Less unamortized discount on 2006 bond issue	(16,899)		
Total long term debt	21,510,932	20,424,906	
Post retiree health cost - funded	170,442	131,783	
Total noncurrent liabilities	21,681,374	20,556,689	
Total liabilities	23,533,523	22,231,493	
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,750,619	14,519,290	
Restricted for improvement and emergency repair	1,477,355	1,188,164	
Restricted for 2006 bond project	2,418,940	-	
Unrestricted	57,723	61,468	
Total net assets	<u>\$ 16,704,637</u>	\$ 15,768,922	



Water Supply Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Year Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	Year Ended June 30,			
	2006	2005		
Operating revenues Water sales City of Saginaw City of Midland Other water sales	\$ 2,325,103 2,086,949 169,332	\$ 2,314,000 2,081,945 168,485		
Total operating revenues	4,581,384	4,564,430		
Operating expenses Water supply expenses Depreciation	2,203,533 764,659	2,190,325 764,625		
Total operating expenses	2,968,192	2,954,950		
Operating income	1,613,192	1,609,480		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Miscellaneous income Interest on investments Improvement and emergency repair revenue Improvement and emergency repair reimbursement Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment Bond interest expense Loss on early retirement of debt Improvement and emergency repair expenses Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) Increase in net assets Net assets	2,196 32,588 188,880 189,608 3,999 (967,629) (37,821) (89,298) (677,477)	4,692 6,924 182,084 - 7,471 (1,021,041) (37,821) (139,500) (997,191) 612,289		
Net assets, beginning of year	15,768,922	15,156,633		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 16,704,637	\$ 15,768,922		

Water Supply Fund Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

	Year Ended June 30,			
		2006	, 2005	
Cash flows from operating activities Water sales Payment to suppliers Payment to employees	\$	4,559,723 (1,501,878) (697,078)	\$	4,538,925 (1,441,312) (694,616)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,360,767		2,402,997
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities Cash funding of post retirement liability Proceeds from salvage and miscellaneous		38,659 2,196		18,818 4,692
Net cash provided from non-capital financing activities		40,855		23,510
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from sale of capital assets Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of 2006 bond issue Principal paid on bonds and notes payable Interest paid Cash reimbursement to improvement and emergency repair Cash funding of improvement and emergency repair Improvement and emergency repair uses		6,952 (217,187) 2,665,000 (1,420,000) (1,013,398) 189,608 188,880 (89,298)		11,080 (27,957) - (1,365,000) (1,033,014) - 182,084 (139,500)
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities		310,557		(2,372,307)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest earned		32,588		6,924
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,744,767		61,124
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,302,872		1,241,748
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	4,047,639	\$	1,302,872
Reconciliation of net operating revenues (expenses to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income	\$	1,613,192	\$	1,609,480
Noncash items included in operating income Depreciation (Increase) decrease in		764,659		764,625
Due from other governmental units Prepaid expenses Cafeteria plan receivable Other assets (Decrease) increase in Checks written against future deposits Accounts payable		(21,661) 1,038 - (22,780) 3,549 (2,331)		(25,505) (2,477) 3,231 23,893 27,839 3,170
Accrued expenses Bond discounts		21,127 3,974		11,665 (12,924)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,360,767	\$	2,402,997

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation is an Authority created by the City of Saginaw and the City of Midland under Act 233, Public Acts of Michigan, 1955. The Authority was created in 1964 for the purpose of acquiring and operating a new water supply system to supplement the existing joint system that had been in existence since 1946.

On May 16, 1985, the Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation, the City of Saginaw and the City of Midland and the Board of Water Commissioners of the Saginaw-Midland Water Supply System entered into an agreement to consolidate the operation of the joint water system under the Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation effective June 30, 1985. The agreement provides that ownership interest shall remain as 23/43rds for the City of Saginaw and 20/43rds for the City of Midland. On March 3, 1986, both the Cities of Saginaw and Midland adopted resolutions to abolish the Board of Water Commissioners of the Saginaw-Midland Water Supply System.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments.

The following significant accounting policies were applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements:

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. The Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation is the primary government, which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation (the primary government) and do not include any other component within its financial statements.

The Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation operates the water system generally known as the Saginaw-Midland Water Supply System. Ownership of the system, with the exception of the 1967 Saginaw extension, is divided as follows:

City of Saginaw 23/43 City of Midland 20/43

The Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation is considered a joint venture with equity interest belonging to the City of Saginaw and the City of Midland. Both cities appoint three board members to the Corporation's Board of Trustees.



BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial activities of the Corporation are recorded within one fund, categorized and described as follows:

PROPRIETARY FUND

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise Fund reports operations that provide services, which are financed primarily by user charges, or activities where periodic measurement of net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control or other purposes.

The accrual basis of accounting is used in recording Enterprise Fund transactions, whereby revenue is recognized when earned and expenditures are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred and certain measurement and matching criteria are met.

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of 90 days or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. In addition, the Corporation includes short-term investments that are tradable within a three day period as part of cash and cash equivalents.

DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT UNITS

Due from other government units have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Corporation. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided because management does not consider collection doubtful, and feels any uncollected amounts would be immaterial.

INVENTORY

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Building improvements greater than \$75,000 and equipment, furniture and vehicles greater than \$1,000 are capitalized at the time the costs are incurred. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method for these capital assets, based on the estimated useful lives, commencing at the time the capital assets are put into operation.



COST OF BORROWING

Interest incurred on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets.

SIGNIFICANT CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Corporation to concentrations of credit risk, consist principally of cash and cash equivalents. The Corporation invests temporary cash in money market securities in various banks and securities backed by the United States Government. Amounts invested in a single institution are limited to minimize risk. The Corporation evaluates the institutions that they place cash and cash equivalents in for financial stability and monitor them on a continuous basis.

GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD

In accordance with GASB Statement 20, the Corporation has elected not to apply the FASB statements and interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its financial statements.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2006, the Corporation had no investments.

Interest rate risk – The Corporation does not have a formal investment policy to manage its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates.

Credit risk - As a component unit of a city, the Corporation's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with sicretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments. The Corporation's investment policy limits investments in corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Concentration of credit risk – The Corporation has no policy that would limit the amount that may be invested with any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk – deposits – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Corporation's deposits may not be returned to it. The Corporation believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the Corporation evaluates each institution it deposits funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. As of June 30, 2006, \$3,949,863 of the Corporation's bank balance of \$4,049,863 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – investments – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.



NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The following table presents the changes in the various fixed assets class categories for the year ended June 30, 2006 as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Capital assets:					
Assets not being depreciated Construction in progress Other capital assets	\$ -	\$ 198,832	\$ -	\$ 198,832	
Water system	58,393,126	-	-	58,393,126	
Furniture and fixtures	14,925	-	-	14,925	
Vehicles	84,927	13,543	14,764	83,706	
Machinery and equipment	467,070	4,812		471,882	
Total capital assets	58,960,048	217,187	14,764	59,162,471	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Water system	22,418,563	730,802	-	23,149,365	
Furniture and fixtures	8,962	1,084	-	10,046	
Vehicles	36,507	16,863	11,811	41,559	
Machinery and equipment	418,530	15,910		434,440	
Total accumulated depreciation	22,882,562	764,659	11,811	23,635,410	
Capital assets, net	\$36,077,486	\$ (547,472)	\$ 2,953	\$35,527,061	

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the year ended June 30, 2006.

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	(Reductions)	Balance June 30, 2006
Bonds payable - joint project issue 1998 - 4.25% to 5% due 9/1/2016	\$11,480,000	\$ -	\$ (1,075,000)	\$10,405,000
Refunding bonds payable - joint project issue 2002 - 2.0% to 5.25% due 9/1/2016	10,520,000	-	(345,000)	10,175,000
Bonds payable issue 2006 - 4.25% to 4.1% due 9/1/2021		2,665,000	-	2,665,000
	22,000,000			23,245,000
Less unamortized bond discounts 1998 bond issue 2002 bond issue 2006 bond issue	(44,400) (110,694) 	- - (16,899)	3,700 9,225 -	(40,700) (101,469) (16,899)
Total debt	21,844,906			23,085,932
Less current portion	1,420,000			1,575,000
Total long-term debt	\$20,424,906			\$21,510,932



Bonds payable at June 30, 2006 and 2005 are comprised of the following individual issues:

1998 Refunding Issue

On March 5, 1998, the corporation issued \$13,920,000 Water Supply Refunding Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax General Obligation), Series 1998.

The bonds were issued under the provisions of Act 94, Public Acts of Michigan, 1933, as amended, Act 233, Public Acts of Michigan, 1995, as amended, and resolutions and ordinances (the "Resolutions") of the Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation (the "Corporation") for the purpose of refunding a portion of the Corporation's Water Supply System Revenue Bonds, Series 1992 and the Corporation's Water Supply System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1992 (together the "prior Bonds"). The Bonds are payable solely from net revenues of the Saginaw Midland Water Supply System (the "System") and any addition is thereto, and a statutory first lien on said revenues has been established by the Resolutions. The Corporation has covenanted and agreed to fix and maintain at all times while any of the Bonds shall be outstanding such rates for service furnished by the System as shall be sufficient to provide for payment of the necessary expenses of operation, maintenance and administration of the System, payment of the principal and interest on all of the Bonds when due, and to provide for such other expenditures and funds for the System as are required by said Resolutions.

The net revenues of the System consist of certain contractual payments to be made to the Corporation by the City of Saginaw, Michigan and the City of Midland, Michigan (collectively the "Cities") pursuant to an amended contract (the "Contract"). Pursuant to the contract, the Cities are obligated to purchase water from the Corporation as a cost of operation of the water systems of each of the Cities. The Cities have pledged their <u>limited tax full faith and credit</u> for the payment of their proportion of the contractual payments which includes the Cities' obligation to levy taxes, if necessary, within applicable constitutional, statutory and charter limitations for the payment of said contractual payments. The Cities do not have the power to levy additional taxes in excess of their respective applicable constitutional, statutory and charter limitations for the payment of their contractual payments. The rights or remedies of bondholders may be affected by bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance or other laws affecting creditors' right generally, now existing or hereafter enacted, and by the application of general principles of equity including those relating to equitable subordination.

2002 Refunding Issue

On September 1, 2002, the corporation issued \$11,180,000 Water Supply Refunding Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax General Obligation), Series 2002.

The bonds were issued under the provisions of Act 94, Public Acts of Michigan, 1933, as amended, Act 233, Public Acts of Michigan, 1995, as amended, Act 34, Public Acts of Michigan, 2001, as amended, and resolutions and ordinances (the "Bond Authorization") of the Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation (the "Corporation") for the purpose of refunding the Corporation's outstanding Water Supply System Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax general Obligation), Series 1993 (the "Prior Bonds"). The Bonds are payable solely from net revenues of the Saginaw Midland Water Supply System (the "System") and any addition is thereto, and a statutory first lien on such revenues has been established by the Bond Authorization. The Corporation has covenanted and agreed to fix and maintain at all times while any of the Bonds shall be outstanding such rates for service furnished by the System as shall be sufficient to provide for payment of the necessary expenses of operation, maintenance and administration of the System, payment of the principal and interest on all of the Bonds when due, and to provide for such other expenditures and funds for the System as are required by the Bond Authorization.



The net revenues of the System consist of certain contractual payments to be made to the Corporation by the City of Saginaw, Michigan and the City of Midland, Michigan (collectively the "Cities") pursuant to an amended contract (the "Contract"). Pursuant to the Contract, the Cities are obligated to purchase water from the Corporation as a cost of operation of the water systems of each of the Cities. The Cities have pledged their <u>limited tax full faith and credit</u> for the payment of their proportion of the contractual payments which includes the Cities' obligation to levy taxes, if necessary, within applicable constitutional, statutory and charter limitations for the payment of the contractual payments. The rights or remedies of bondholders may be affected by bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent conveyance or other laws affecting creditors' right generally, now existing or hereafter enacted, and by the application of general principles of equity including those relating to equitable subordination.

2006 Issue

On April 24, 2006, the corporation issued \$2,665,000 Water Supply System Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax General Obligation) Series 2006.

The bonds were issued under the provisions of Act 94, Public Acts of Michigan, 1933, as amended, Act 233, Public Acts of Michigan, 1995, as amended, and Ordinance No. 1 as amended by subsequently adopted Ordinances and Ordinance No. 2005-1 of the Issuer, for the purpose of defraying the cost of acquiring and constructing enlargements and extensions to the Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation (the "System") The Bonds are payable solely from net revenues of the System and any addition is thereto, and a statutory first lien on said revenues has been established by the Ordinances, which lien is of equal standing with the lien established for the Issuer's (i) Water Supply Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax General Obligation), Series 1992, in the original principal amount of \$7,500,000, (ii) Water Supply System Refunding Revenue Bonds (Limited Tax General Obligation) Series 1992 in the original principal amount of \$10,125,000, (iii) Water Supply System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 (Limited Tax General Obligation) in the original principal amount of \$13,920,000, and (iv) Water Supply Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2002 (Limited Tax General Obligation) in the original principal amount of \$11,180,000. The Issuer has covenanted and agreed to fix and maintain at all times while any such Bonds shall be outstanding such rates for service furnished by the System as shall be sufficient to provide for such other expenditures and funds for the System as are required by said Ordinances.

The net revenues of the System consist of certain Contractual Payments to be made to the Issuer by the City of Saginaw, Michigan and the City of Midland, Michigan (collectively the "Cities") pursuant to a 2005 Revenue Contract Supplement, dated as of January 1, 2005 (the "Contract"). Pursuant to the Contract the cities are obligated to purchase water from the Corporation as a cost of operation of the water systems of each of the Cities. The Cities have pledged their <u>limited tax full faith and credit</u> for the payment of their proportion of the Contractual Payments which includes the Cities' obligation to levy taxes, if necessary, within applicable constitutional, statutory and charter limitations for the payment of the contractual payments. The rights or remedies of bondholders may be affected by bankruptcy laws or other creditors' rights legislation now existing or hereafter enacted.



The annual requirements to amortize the debt outstanding as of June 30, 2006 including interest payments of \$7,019,174 are as follows:

Year Ended		Principal			
June 30,	1998	2002	2006	Interest	Total
2007	\$ 1,090,000	\$ 385,000	\$ 100,000	\$1,006,844	\$ 2,581,844
2008	1,110,000	425,000	85,000	960,231	2,580,231
2009	1,185,000	415,000	90,000	892,311	2,582,311
2010	1,235,000	435,000	95,000	820,117	2,585,117
2011	800,000	940,000	105,000	746,061	2,591,061
2012	790,000	1,060,000	85,000	660,824	2,595,824
2013	785,000	1,155,000	80,000	568,343	2,588,343
2014	785,000	1,245,000	95,000	475,818	2,600,818
2015	820,000	1,310,000	105,000	370,678	2,605,678
2016	865,000	1,380,000	110,000	253,533	2,608,533
2017	940,000	1,425,000	115,000	130,164	2,610,164
2018	-	-	400,000	58,650	458,650
2019	-	-	400,000	42,000	442,000
2020	-	-	400,000	25,200	425,200
2021			400,000	8,400	408,400
	\$10,405,000	\$10,175,000	\$2,665,000	\$7,019,174	\$ 30,264,174

NOTE 6 - RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Detail of restricted net assets is as follows:

	June 30,		
	2006	2005	
Restricted in use for 2006 bond project	\$ 2,418,940	<u>\$</u>	
Restricted in use for post retirement health care Assets Liability	\$ 170,442 (170,442)	\$ 131,783 (131,783)	
	\$ -	\$ -	
Restricted in use for improvements and emergency repairs to the system			
Saginaw	\$ 790,188	\$ 635,504	
Midland	687,167	552,660	
	\$ 1,477,355	\$ 1,188,164	

4NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Corporation participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System (MMERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees of the Corporation hired prior to February 1, 2000. The system provides retirement, survivor and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the System at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

FUNDING POLICY

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established primarily by negotiation with the Corporation's collective bargaining unit, and requires a contribution from the union employees of 3% and non-union employees of 5% of gross wages. The Corporation's funding policy provides for monthly employee and employer contributions at actuarially determined rates which amounted to 10.1% and 7.9% of covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

ANNUAL PENSION COST

For years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 the Corporation's annual pension cost of \$56,407 and \$41,611, respectively equaled the Corporation's required and actual contribution. Actuarial valuations of each participating municipality in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System are prepared annually to determine the actuarial condition of the Retirement System and the employer contribution rates required to fund MERS on an actuarial reserve basis. The calculated employer contribution rates derived from this actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2001 are based on the present provisions of the Municipal Employees' Retirement Act of 1984, as amended by 1996 Public Act 220, as embodied in the MERS Plan Document (as revised). Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation, and (c) additional projected salary increases of zero percent to 8.40 percent per year, attributable to seniority/merit. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short term volatility over a four year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

THREE YEAR TREND INFORMATION

Year	Annual		Percentage	Net	
Ended	Pension		Pension of APC		
June 30	Co	st (APC)	Contributed	Obligation	
2004	\$	40,352	100%	None	
2005		41,611	100%	None	
2006		56,407	100%	None	



SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unf	unded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	APC as a Percent of Covered Payroll
12/31/03	\$ 2,414,420	\$ 2,813,232	\$	398,812	86%	\$ 528,050	8%
12/31/04	2,414,832	3,062,662		647,830	79%	526,579	8%
12/31/05	2,403,471	3,178,865		775,394	76%	560,305	10%

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Corporation participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), in the form of the ICMA Retirement Corporation Governmental Money Purchase Plan and Trust, as amended and as authorized by Section 19A of the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan Plan Document. This defined contribution plan covers substantially all employees of the Corporation hired after January 31, 2000. The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established primarily by negotiation with the Corporation's collective bargaining unit and requires an employer contribution of 6% of covered payroll, while requiring zero percent contribution from the employee. In addition, the employer will match employee contributions of 3% of covered payroll for those employees who exercise the one time voluntary contribution election. For the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 the Corporation contributed \$10,832 and \$10,281 and employees contributed \$3,611 and \$3,427, respectively.

NOTE 8 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

The Corporation provides post-retirement health coverage under its Blue Cross insurance plan to all salary employees and their qualified spouse hired prior to September 30, 1998. In addition, the Corporation provides post-retirement health coverage to the manager and qualified spouse of the Corporation hired in fiscal year 2004. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2006 have post-retirement health care coverage and those hired on or after January 1, 2006 receive 2% of their base wages placed into an individual health care savings account. This coverage becomes supplemental to Medicare coverage when the retired employee becomes eligible for Medicare. The unfunded liability as of June 30, is as follows:

	2006	2005
Actuarial determined liability as of December 31, 2004 Amount funded as of June 30	\$1,942,000 170,442	\$1,942,000 131,783
Unfunded liability	\$1,771,558	\$1,810,217

The corporation had seventeen and sixteen retirees qualifying for post-retirement health care coverage at June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The cost to the Corporation of providing post-retirement health care coverage for its retirees for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 on a pay-as-you-go basis was \$121,994 and \$120,204, respectively.



NOTE 9 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation was created to supply water to the Cities of Saginaw and Midland. The water requirements of the Cities are directly related to those of the larger area businesses, which are subject to the general economy of the area. The Corporation's sales to the Cities for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 were \$4,412,052 and \$4,395,944, respectively. These represent 96% of the total operating revenue each year. The Corporation's receivables from the Cities at June 30, 2006 and 2005 were \$204,697 and \$186,746, respectively. These represent 92% of the total receivable balance each year.

NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASE

Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation has an operating lease for a land right-a-way which houses a section of the water supply piping. The lease calls for annual payments and continues until the piping is removed from the right-a-way. The annual payment is based on a basic rent of \$1,716 as of January, 1975 and is adjusted every two years thereafter by applying the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Government cost-of-living index. The lease expense for the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$9,702.



Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation Schedule of Indebtedness

June 30, 2006

	Date of	Amount of	Interest	Date of	Amount of Annual	June 30,
	Issue	Issue	Rate	Maturity	Maturity	2006
1998 Refunding Bond Issue (Joint Project)	3/5/1998	\$ 13,920,000	4.35% 4.40% 4.50% 4.50% 4.63% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00% 5.00%	9/1/2006 9/1/2007 9/1/2008 9/1/2009 9/1/2010 9/1/2011 9/1/12-13 9/1/2014 9/1/2015 9/1/2016	\$ 1,090,000 1,110,000 1,185,000 1,235,000 800,000 790,000 785,000 820,000 865,000 940,000	\$ 1,090,000 1,110,000 1,185,000 1,235,000 800,000 790,000 1,570,000 820,000 865,000 940,000
						10,405,000
2002 Refunding Bond Issue (Joint Project)	12/19/2002	11,180,000	2.40% 3.00% 3.25% 3.25% 3.50% 5.00% 4.00% 4.25% 5.25% 5.25%	9/1/2006 9/1/2007 9/1/2008 9/1/2009 9/1/2010 9/1/2011 9/1/2012 9/1/2013 9/1/2014 9/1/2015 9/1/2016	385,000 425,000 415,000 435,000 940,000 1,060,000 1,155,000 1,245,000 1,310,000 1,380,000 1,425,000	385,000 425,000 415,000 435,000 940,000 1,060,000 1,155,000 1,245,000 1,310,000 1,380,000 1,425,000
2006 Bond Construction Project	4/24/2006	2,665,000	4.25% 4.25% 4.25% 4.25% 4.10% 4.10% 4.10% 4.20% 4.20%	9/1/2006 9/1/2007 9/1/2008 9/1/2009 9/1/2010 9/1/2011 9/1/2012 9/1/2013 9/1/2014 9/1/2015 9/1/2016 9/1/2017 9/1/2018 9/1/2019 9/1/2020	100,000 85,000 90,000 95,000 105,000 85,000 105,000 110,000 115,000 400,000 400,000 400,000	10,175,000 100,000 85,000 90,000 95,000 105,000 80,000 95,000 105,000 110,000 115,000 400,000 400,000 400,000 2,665,000
						\$ 23,245,000

Saginaw-Midland Municipal Water Supply Corporation Schedule of Financial Highlights

	Year Ended June 30,						
	2006	2005	2004	2003			
Millions of Gallons Pumped							
City of Saginaw	8,491.78	8,709.50	8,840.86	9,459.38			
City of Midland	7,950.54	8,168.69	8,186.54	8,604.80			
	16,442.32	<u>16,878.19</u>	<u>17,027.40</u>	<u>18,064.18</u>			
Expenses							
Operating expenses Improvement and emergency	\$ 2,203,533	\$ 2,190,325	\$ 2,105,509	\$ 1,933,261			
repair expenses	89,298	139,500	241,095	12,648			
Bond interest	967,629	1,021,041	1,078,588	1,119,304			
Loss on early retirement of debt	37,821	37,821	260,455	260,455			
Depreciation	764,659	764,625	762,529	759,516			
Total expenses	4,062,940	4,153,312	4,448,176	4,085,184			
Less other income	396,995	369,656	352,654	381,634			
Net expenses	\$ 3,665,945	\$ 3,783,656	\$ 4,095,522	\$ 3,703,550			
Expense Per 1,000 Gallons Pumped							
Operating expenses	\$ 0.1340	\$ 0.1298	\$ 0.1237	\$ 0.1070			
Improvement and emergency	φ 0.1010	Ψ 0.1200	Ψ 0.1207	ψ 0.1070			
repair expenses	0.0054	0.0083	0.0142	0.0007			
Bond interest	0.0588	0.0605	0.0633	0.0620			
Loss on early retirement of debt	0.0023	0.0022	0.0153	0.0144			
Depreciation	0.0465	0.0453	0.0448	0.0420			
Total expenses	0.2470	0.2461	0.2613	0.2261			
Less other income	0.0241	0.0219	0.0207	0.0211			
Net expenses	\$ 0.2229	\$ 0.2242	\$ 0.2406	\$ 0.2050			